

THE

CONNOISSEUR.

By Mr. TO W N,

CRITIC and CENSOR-GENERAL.

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- - Commotâ fervet plebecula bile.

PERS.



SHALL this day present my readers with a letter which I have received from my cousin VILLAGE; who, as I informed them in my first paper, has undertaken to send me an account of every thing remarkable

that passes in the country.

DEAR COUSIN,

HAVE not been unmindful of the province which you was pleased to allot me; but the whole country has been lately so much taken up with the business of Elections, that nothing has fallen under my notice, but debates, squabbles, and drunken rencounters. The spirit of party

prevails so universally, that the very children are instructed to lisp out the names of the savourite chiefs of each faction; and I have more than once been in danger of being knocked off my horse, as I rode peaceably on, because I did not declare with which party I sided, though I knew nothing at all of either. Every petty village abounds with the most profound statesmen: it is common to see our rustic politicians assembling after sermon, and settling the good of their country across a tomb-stone, like so many Dictators from the plough; and every cottage can boast its patriot, who, like the old Roman, would not exchange his turnip for a bribe.

I AM at present in —, where the election is just coming on, and the whole town confequently in an uproar. They have for feveral parliaments returned two members, who recommended themselves by constantly opposing the court: but there came down a few days ago a banker from London, who has offered himself a candidate, and is backed with the most powerful of all interests, money. Nothing has been fince thought of but feafting and revelling; and both parties strive to outdo each other in the frequency and expence of their entertainments. This indeed is the general method made use of to gain the favour of electors, and manifest a zeal for the constitution. I have known a candidate depend more upon the strength of his liquor than his arguments; and the merits of a treat has often recommended a member, who has had no merits of his own; for it is certain, that people, however they may differ in other points, are unanimous in promoting the grand bufiness of eating and drinking.

IT is impossible to give a particular account of the various disorders occasioned by the contest in this town. The

streets ring with the different cry of each party, and every hour produces a ballad, a fet of queries, or a ferious address to the worthy electors. I have seen the Mayor with half the Corporation roaring, hollowing, and reeling along the streets, and yet threatening to clap a poor fellow in the stocks for making the same noise, only because he would not vote as they do. It is no wonder that the strongest connexions should be broken, and the most intimate friends fet at variance, through their difference of opinion. Not only the men, but their wives also are engaged in the same quarrel. Mr. Staunch the haberdasher used to fmoke his pipe conftantly in the fame kitchen-corner every evening at the fame alehouse with his neighbour Mr. Veer the chandler, while their ladies chatted together at the street-door: but now the husbands never speak to each other; and consequently Mrs. Veer goes a quarter of a mile for her inkle and tape, rather than deal at Mr. Staunch's shop; and Mrs. Staunch declares, she would go without her tea, though she has always been used to it twice a day, rather than fetch her half quartern from that turn-coat Veer's.

WHEREVER Politics are introduc'd, Religion is always drawn into the quarrel. The town I have been speaking of is divided into two parties, who are distinguish'd by the appellation of Christians and Jews. The Jews, it seems, are those, who are in the interest of a nobleman who gave his vote for passing the Jew-bill, and are held in abomination by the Christians. The zeal of the latter is still further instanced by the vicar, who every sunday thunders out his anathemas, and preaches up the pious doctrine of persecution. In this he is seconded by the clerk, who is careful to ensorce the arguments from the pulpit by selecting staves proper for the occasion.

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This truly Christian spirit is no where more manifest than at their public feasts. I was at one of their dinners, where I found great variety of pig-meat was provided. The table was covered from one end to the other with hams, legs of pork, spare-ribs, griskins, haslets, feet and ears, brawn, and the like: in the middle there smoaked a large barbicued hog, which was soon devour'd to the bone; so desirous was every one to prove his Christianity by the quantity he could swallow of that Anti-Judaic food. After dinner there was brought in, by way of desert, a dish of hogs puddings; but as I have a dislike to that kind of diet, (though not from any scruple of conscience,) I was regarded as little better than a Jew for declining to eat of them.

THE great support of this party is an old neighbouring knight; who, ever fince the late naturalization-act, has conceived a violent antipathy to the Yews, and takes every opportunity of railing at the above-mentioned nobleman. Sir Rowland swears that his lordship is worse than Judas, that he is actually circumcifed, and that the chapel in this nobleman's house is turned into a fynagogue. The knight had never been feen in a church, 'till the late clamour about the 'few-bill; but he now attends it regularly every funday, where he devoutly takes his nap all the fervice; and he lately bestowed the best living in his gift, which he had before promifed to his chaplain, on one whom he had never feen, but had read his name in the title-page to a fermon against the Jews. He turned off his butler, who had lived with him many years, and whose only crime was a fwarthy complexion, because the dog looked like a Jew. He feeds hogs in his park and the court-yard, and has Guinea-pigs in his parlour. Every faturday he has an hunt, because it is the Jewish sabbath; and in the evening he

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is fure to get drunk with the vicar in defence of religion. As he is in the commission, he ordered a poor Jew pedlar, who came to hawk goods at his house, to Bridewell; and he was once going to send a little parish-boy to the same place, for presuming to play in his worship's hearing on that unchristian-like instrument the Jews-Harp.

THE fair fex here are no less ambitious of displaying their affection for the same cause, and they manifest their fentiments by the colour and fashion of their dress, zeal more particularly shews itself in a variety of posies for rings, buckles, knots, and garters. I observed the other night at the affembly, that the ladies feemed to vie with each other in hanging out the enfigns of their faith in orthodox ribbands, bearing the inscription of No Jews, CHRISTIANITY FOR EVER. They likewise wore little crosses at their breasts; their pompons were formed into crucifixes, their knots disposed in the same angles, and so many parts of their habits moulded into that shape, that the whole affembly looked like the court on St. Andrew's day. It was remarkable that the vicar's lady, who is a thorough-paced High-Churchwoman, was more religious in the decorations of her dress than any of the company: in a word, she was so stuck over from head to foot with crosses, that a wag justly compared her to an old Popish tomb-stone in a Gothic cathedral.

I SHALL now conclude my letter with the relation of an adventure, that happened to myself at my first coming into this town. I intended to put up at the Catherine-Wheel, as I had often used the house before, and knew the landlord to be a good civil kind of fellow. I accordingly turned my horse into the yard, when to my great surprize the landlord, as soon as he saw me, gave me an hearty

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curse, and told me I might go about my business, "for in"deed he would not entertain any such rascals." Upon
this he said something to two or three strapping countryfellows, who immediately came towards me, and if I had
not rode away directly, I should have met with a very
rough salutation from their horse-whips. I could not imagine what offence I had committed, that could give occasion for such ill usage, 'till I heard the master of the inn
hollowing after me "that's the scoundred that came here
"fome time ago with Tom T'otherside;" who, I have since
learnt, is an agent for the other party.

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I am, dear Coufin,

Yours, &c.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE beginning of next Month will be performed at Covent-Garden Theatre, a new Dramatic Satire in two Acts called

THE CONJURER.

The Public are defired to take Notice, that this Entertainment, though it is mimical, is not pantomimical; and that The CONJURER is no Relation to The NECROMANCER or The SORCERER.